

The Gazette is the HOME paper of the Pike's Peak region because it is all that a newspaper should be clean, new, and up-to-date.

# COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE WEATHER  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Forecast: Colorado Fair Tuesday; Wednesday, probably showers.

NO. 14,018 43RD YEAR

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1914

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## HENRY ALLEN AND PROMINENT STATE PROGRESSIVES SPEAK HERE TONIGHT

**Kansas Candidate Predicts Party Victory at Fall Election; Costigan, Vincent, Griffith and Other Colorado Progressives Will Talk at Meeting in North Park**

Henry J. Allen, one of the prominent men in the middle west, has appeared in Colorado tonight at the Progressive party formal dedication of the Billy Sunday tabernacle here last night. He was one of Sunday's converts in Wichita, Kan., where he edits the Wichita Beacon, one of the best-known country newspapers in America. In Pittsburgh several weeks ago Allen assisted Colonel Roosevelt in formally opening the Progressive campaign in Pennsylvania. This is considered quite an honor as he was the only one asked to aid.

**Predicts Progressive Victory**  
Mr. Allen predicts a victory this year for the Progressive party. He points out that the people were dissatisfied with the Republican operation of the state government six years ago, and discarded that party in favor of the Democrats and now they are dissatisfied with the Democrats and will give the Progressives an opportunity to show that their principles are such as will give equal justice and efficient government.

**State Candidates Coming**  
With Allen on his tour are several Colorado Progressives among them E. P. Costigan, candidate for governor, Marie D. Vincent, candidate for attorney general, Benjamin Griffith, candidate for the United States senate, and Mrs. Agnes Riddle, candidate for secretary of state.

## MINERS MAY ACCEPT AVIATOR WILL START FLIGHT AT ROSWELL

**Meet in Trinidad Today to Discuss Terms; Operators Meet Saturday**

TRINIDAD, Colo., Sept. 14.—"Mother" Jones and Frank J. Hayes, vice president of the United Mine Workers of America, arrived tonight from Denver, to attend the convention of miners of District 14 to be held here tomorrow. They were accompanied by a number of officers and delegates from the northern fields and called for the purpose of settling the terms of the strike. The miners will start on strike if the terms are not accepted.

That the plan as outlined by President Wilson will meet with the favor of the convention is the general belief of the local and state officers who have expressed any opinion. Some dissatisfaction was expressed at a mass meeting of miners this afternoon at Starkville, where the question was being discussed. Several speakers declared they were tired of the strike and ready to return to work but would withhold any action until after the convention.

**Operators Meet Saturday**  
DENVER, Sept. 14.—Announcement was made today that a conference of Colorado coal operators would be held in Denver Saturday to consider President Wilson's proposal for a three-year truce in the coal miners strike. J. F. Walborn, president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, said that all operators, including those having contracts with the United Mine Workers of America had been invited to participate.

## DEMOCRATS ISSUE CALL FOR CAUCUS

**War Relief Measure Still Before Congress; President Returns Today**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Democrats of the house opposing the proposed war tax on freight transportation bills had a call issued today for a party caucus on the subject tomorrow night. Representative Underwood and other administration leaders, however, hope to delay caucus consideration of the question, at least until the president has had an opportunity to weigh the situation in the light of recent developments.

President Wilson will return to Washington tomorrow, and it is the purpose of Mr. Underwood to make it clear to him that it will be impossible to put a freight tax through the house unless he gives the proposed bill an unqualified endorsement. It indicates that the emergency demands such a step.

Should the president under these circumstances urge that the revenue bill as framed by the Democrats of the house and means committee be accepted by congress, Mr. Underwood and the party leaders will do all in their power to oppose the bill and will advise against a caucus on the ground that nothing can be accomplished there that cannot be accomplished in the house itself.

Today in the house there was an endorsement of belief that the president would not insist upon the freight tax but would urge the committee to suggest a new bill, possibly to include a stamp tax on goods, and instructions.

## SWEEP OF CZAR'S FORCES THROUGH AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA



## CRUSHING VICTORY BY CZAR CRIPPLES AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES ON EASTERN BORDER

**Russians Drive Enemy Across River San, Annihilating Austrians and Capturing Large German Army**

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to the Central News from Rome says telegraphic advices received there from Petrograd are to the effect that the 17-days' battle of the Russians against the Austro-German forces ended with the following results: Prisoners taken, 180,000; field guns captured, 450; fortress artillery captured, 1,000 pieces; transport wagons taken, 4,000; aeroplanes captured, seven.

The Russian embassy in Rome, according to the correspondent of the Central News, says that the German army commanded by General von Hindenburg has been defeated near Miawa, Russian Poland, and that the Germans are evacuating Poland with a loss of 50,000 men. The ambassador adds that the Russians have assumed the offensive in Prussia and have commenced to lay siege to Königsberg.

**Russians Cross River San**  
PETROGRAD, Sept. 14.—The following official communication was issued tonight: "On the Austrian front the Russian troops are crossing the San river. On taking position near Rawa Ruska, the Russian troops captured 20 cannon and 9,000 prisoners and also enormous stores of war material and provisions."

The results of the pursuit of the enemy in that territory are still unknown. "On the marches of Belorussia the Russians found more Austrian batteries sunk in the mud, abandoned during retreat."

"The general army, while repulsing the last desperate Austrian attack, captured the moment our troops took the offensive, a great number of prisoners and guns the total number of which has not as yet been determined. General Brusiloff declares his troops gave proof of great energy."

**Red Cross Workers Meet at City Hall Today; Public Invited**  
The extension committee of 100 of the Red Cross society will meet in the council chambers at the city hall this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock. The meeting will last one hour and the public is invited to attend.

S. P. Morris, head of the Rocky Mountain division of the organization, will make the principal address, telling of the work of the Red Cross and the plans for the next few months, or during the present European war. The Rev. J. H. Spencer, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, also will talk.

No call for subscriptions will be made at the meeting, though possibly plans for organizing a campaign here will be discussed.

## NEXT GREAT BATTLE IN THE WEST WILL BE FOUGHT ON GERMAN SOIL

**Kaiser's Giant Army, in Mad Flight From France, Is Nearing Belgian Frontier, to Gain Shelter of Own Forts**

### WAR SUMMARY

The reoccupation of Amiens by the French and the preparations by the Germans on the river Aisne to make a stand against the allies are the chief announcements contained in the latest statement issued by the French government. Apparently the Germans also are preparing to resist on the heights to the north and north-west of Rheims.

Petrograd reports that the Russian troops are crossing the San river and that the Russian army, in repulsing a desperate attack by the Austrians captured many prisoners.

The British official press bureau denies the report that Russian troops have landed in Belgium, and declares also that there is no truth whatever in the rumors that the Russian soldiers have landed or passed through Great Britain on their way to France and Belgium.

A Copenhagen dispatch says advice from Berlin admit that the chief Austrian army has suffered an absolute defeat at the hands of the Russians.

Among the German prisoners arriving in the neighborhood of Paris are a general and his entire staff.

Peking reports that 25,000 Japanese have been landed on the Shantung peninsula, and that Japanese troops are passing through Ping Tu, about 40 miles north of Kiao-chow, the German protectorate in China.

## U. S. TODAY SIGNS TREATIES WITH FOUR GREAT WORLD POWERS

**Insures Peace With Two-thirds of World; No Word Yet From Kaiser**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Although no reply had been received tonight from the German government to the inquiry of the United States concerning the attitude of the former toward peace in Europe, administration officials were hopeful that from the informal effort something tangible might soon develop.

That many influential German-Americans are working to bring about some exchange of peace terms has been admitted in official quarters. President Wilson and Secretary Bryan are keeping in close touch with all these efforts. The feeling prevails among administration officials that as the casualty lists grow and the agony of the struggle is brought home to the "masses in each country," the movement for peace will correspondingly gain momentum.

In the midst of the conflict the United States tomorrow will sign treaties of peace with Great Britain, France, Spain and China, countries whose combined population is more than two-thirds of that of the earth.

The peace treaties, to be already ratified by the senate are regarded by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan as practically a guarantee against war as they provide that all disputes be submitted to a permanent commission for investigation during a period of a year before any nation is free to engage in hostilities.

At Cecil Spring-Field, Jules Jusserand, French ambassador, and Juan Pablo, Spanish ambassador, respectively, and Fu Shih, the Chinese minister have received instructions from their governments to sign the treaties tomorrow.

Announcement was made today that President Wilson on Wednesday would receive the Belgian commission sent to the United States to lodge formal protest against alleged German atrocities.

Official dispatches to the American government during the day confirmed the reports of the retreat of the German army along the entire line in France and spoke of the entire line in France and spoke of the entire line in France and spoke of the entire line in France.

**French and British Reinforcements Drawn Up on Left, Which Swings Around German Right in Turning Movement; Russians Capture 180,000 Austrian Prisoners and Inflict Terrible Blow on German Forces in East Prussia, Who Advance Into Trap Laid by Czar's Generals**

LONDON, Sept. 15.—(Tuesday)—That the next great battle in the western theater of war will occur on German soil, is the belief of military experts in London and Paris. The Germans, in their flight to escape annihilation or an enveloping movement by the allies, are rapidly approaching the Belgian frontier.

The allied armies will endeavor to prevent the enemy from taking strong defensive positions near the border. The objective of the Germans apparently is their own forts just across the frontier, where they will gain the protection of heavy fortresses. A determined stand doubtless will be made.

### FRANCE ALMOST CLEAR OF GERMAN FORCES

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Except for the army which has been attacking Verdun, the German forces in France have fallen back all along the line, according to the French official report issued this afternoon.

From Nancy to the Vosges they have withdrawn from French territory, while on the extreme right General von Kluck and General von Bülow continue to retreat to the northeast before the French and British, even giving up their defensive position on the River Aisne between Compiègne and Soissons.

Further west the German detachments that held Amiens have moved northward to try to join the German army of the right at St. Quentin. It is possible that all the Germans in northern France have done likewise, otherwise they would be in danger of being cut off in the center.

### GENERAL RETREAT TAKES PLACE AROUND RHEIMS

Another defensive position behind Rheims has been given up and in the Argonne region a general retreat is taking place toward the forest of Reims and Trienoy.

The allies are pushing their advance and doing their utmost to turn the retreat into a disaster by a stern pursuit on perhaps the broadest scale yet known in war. On the right they are in good position to continue the offensive if the men and horses are not so tired for further effort. They are not far from a strong line running from the Marne to the fortresses through the hills country south of Argonne.

### FRESH TROOPS RUSH TO AID OF ALLIES

While the allied left composed largely of fresh troops with a heavy force of cavalry under General Pau is wheeling around so as to drive General von Kluck and von Bülow toward the Ardennes and Luxembourg.

### NEW ARMY FROM PARIS UPSETS GERMAN PLANS

The new army which came out from Paris, however, upset this calculation and with this flank threatened the German general had to withdraw.

### ALLIES STRIKING REAR OF EXHAUSTED GERMANS WITH RELENTLESS FURY

They are represented as stirred by unexpectedly great victories to such a point of elation that they are able to keep close to the heels of the retreating German army, and are attacking them from the rear with a fury that is almost relentless.

Despite the great numbers composing their various armies, the allies are operating together against the German withdrawing movement with great rapidity and effectiveness. The main body appears to be approaching the Belgian frontier while the German left wing seemingly is gaining shelter in German Lorraine.

So far as known the fleeing invaders who after wonderful forced marches into France made such a stern attempt to break through the solid lines of the allies defending Paris have abandoned more than 60 cannon of various caliber and 70 machine guns because their exhausted horses were unable to drag them far enough to keep up even with the footsore infantry.

Enormous amounts of ammunition and war stores also were left on the route of the Germans who is through a difficult marshy country rendered almost impassable in some places by the heavy rains of the last few days and which threaten to continue.

The allies on the other hand it is reported, display no signs of fatigue.

Official French statement. The official statement issued by the war office is as follows: On our left wing we have everywhere caught up with the rear guards.







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But we do urge you to pay us a visit and look over the new Fall Hats this week.

**Schoble**  
Domestic Hats in all the new soft and stiff hat models.

**\$3 and \$4**  
**Robert Heath Ltd.**  
London made Stiff Hats, \$5

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The store you'll eventually patronize.

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**DR. GORDON RUSSELL, THAYER, Piano**  
Acacia Hotel Ball Room  
Tuesday, Sept. 22, 8:30 p. m.  
Admission \$1.25 and 75c  
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Tickets on sale at Whitely & Greenwood's, Murray's Drug Store.

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**HOPE TO RECOGNIZE NEW MEXICAN REGIME**

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to Exchange Telegraph company from Madrid says the new Mexican minister, General Carranza, after being conferred at San Sebastian with the Mexican legation of Madrid, today received the archives of the Mexican legation of Madrid. Carranza is considered as the preliminary to the recognition of the Mexican government by Spain, Italy, Portugal and France.

**School Supplies**  
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## EASTERN ROADS TO NEW RATE PLEA

**Claim European War War Conditions**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Contenting that they face unprecedented conditions, aggravated by the European war, the eastern railroads have formally notified the interstate commerce commission of their intention to ask for a reopening of the advance rate case, in which a petition for a general increase of 5 per cent in freight rates was denied.

When the petition will be filed, and the probable scope of its appeal, has not been indicated. Commissioner Clark told of the informal notice that had been given by the railroads after a meeting late today with President Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio.

Further hearing of the rate case would be asked, it was said, to show that extraordinary conditions have arisen since July, when the commission reached its decision. The roads contend that their showing for the fiscal year 1914 is worse than had been estimated, and that their condition now has been aggravated by the effect of the European war on the freight business in the United States.

Whether the roads west of Buffalo and Pittsburgh, which were granted increases in the advance-rate decision, would ask for further relief, has not been indicated.

## ITALIAN SOCIALIST DEPUTY URGES NATION TO JOIN THE ENTENTE

BORDEAUX, Sept. 14.—The Temps quotes Prince Tassia di Curo, an Italian Socialist deputy, with reference to the attitude of Italy.

"Opinion in Italy," says the deputy, "is unanimous in demanding the realization of the antitriplic alliance program. Every one today believes that Italy must absolutely separate her policy and destiny from the triple alliance."

United action with the triple entente is the inevitable outgrowth of the situation. Italy's neutrality has been a near by transition; our military resources have been taken as quickly as possible; our fleet is ready for all eventualities. Our fleet is mobilized and coaled; thanks to arrangements with England.

"We are now neutral only in appearance. The action of Italy might definitely turn the scale in favor of the triple entente."

## HERO OF WAR I FARENS OF DEATH OF SON

PARIS, Sept. 14.—General Bailloud, one of the heroes of the campaign for the pacification of Morocco, was visiting the wounded in a hospital when informed that his son was killed.

The general paled and tears rolled down his cheeks; he then became as impassive as ever and went on with his visit.

## 11 SURVIVORS OF SIFFANSSON PARTY HAVE REACHED NOME

NOME, Alaska, Sept. 13.—(Delayed in transmission)—The United States revenue cutter Bear arrived here today with 11 survivors of the crew of the Stefansson exploring ship Karluk, who were rescued from Wrangell island by the gasoline schooner King and Winge, and transferred to the Bear.

The survivors are: William Laird McKimley, magnetician, of Clyde Bank, Scotland; John Monroe, chief engineer; Bert Williamson, second engineer; Robert Templeman, steward; Ernest Chase, assistant steward; Fred W. Mauser, fireman; Spelman Hadley; Eskimo man, wife, two children.

**Eight Are Missing.**  
George Stewart McIntosh, geologist, of Hamilton, Ont., and George Bretts, a fireman, died of scurvy on the island and were buried there. Blaine Maimen, assistant topographer and geologist of Christiania, Norway, accidentally shot and killed himself with his own gun. He was buried on the island.

Eight members of the expedition are missing and are given up for dead. They are: Alexander Anderson, first mate; Charles Bagter, second mate; John Brady, seaman; H. King, seaman.

These four men left the wreck of the Karluk, 30 miles from Wrangell island and were never seen again.

Alister Forbes Mackay, surgeon of Edinburgh, Scotland; James Murray, newspaperer of Edinburgh; Henri Reuchate, anthropologist, of Paris; Thomas Morris, seaman.

These four men left the wreck of the Karluk, never reached Wrangell island and must have perished.



## GERMANS RECKONED WITHOUT THEIR HOST WHEN WAR BEGAN

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Important details of the operations of the British army in France are contained in a report which the war office issued this afternoon.

When the German army began its eastward movement to cut the French center, according to General French, it was ignoring the British as a factor in the fight. The allies began a general advance on September 7, against the German rear guard of their right wing, which had been left along the River Oise. The British army was reinforced. The Germans began a retreat on their right on the 7th. It was the first time they had turned back since the battle of Mons.

According to General French, the orders they had expected to enter Paris in a few days. The order to retreat was a bitter disappointment. The British crossed the River Marne on the 9th with the French and on the 10th captured 1,500 men, four great guns, six machine guns and 50 transport wagons.

The Germans of the right army seemed demoralized. They were without ammunition and surrendered readily, according to the British advice.

The continued advance, General French says, has delighted the troops, who with the reinforcements received, are filled with zeal and anxious to press on.

## BRITISH OFFICIAL REPORT OF FIGHTING

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The official press bureau this afternoon issued the following statement:

"All day yesterday the enemy stubbornly disputed the passage of the Aisne by our troops, but in spite of the difficulty of forcing the river in the face of a strong opposition nearly all the crossings were secured by sunset."

"On our right and left, the French troops were confronted with a similar task in which, like ourselves, they were successful. Many more prisoners were taken."

"It is reported from the French headquarters that the German crown prince's army had been driven back and that he has moved his headquarters from St. Menesboul to Montfaucon."

## ARMY OFFICER LOSES LIFE TRYING TO SAVE FRIEND

GALLUP, N. M., Sept. 14.—First Lieut. John A. Early, Twelfth United States cavalry, and John A. Young, city attorney of Gallup and a member of the New Mexico legislature, were drowned Sunday afternoon in Lake Marano, 10 miles northwest of here. The army officer died while trying to save Young. Lieutenant Early, stationed at Fort Wingate, and Young were hunting in a small power boat. The boat was overturned and the lieutenant plunged into the water to save Young. The lieutenant and Young went under locked in each other's arms. Their bodies have not yet been recovered.

## SEASON AT OPERA HOUSE OPENS WITH 'MILESTONES'

**Arnold Bennett's Delightful Play and Excellent Company Make Event Quite Successful**

From the viewpoint of the theatergoer, the opening for the season of the Opera House last evening, with Arnold Bennett's "Milestones," was a decided success. Perhaps the box office holds a contrary opinion. Certainly it has caused for the crowd was anything but what might reasonably have been expected. Usually the opening of a season is a big social event. Little wonder that "Milestones" has met with such ready response everywhere it has been presented. It is a delightful play, decidedly interesting. Not the kind that picks you up and carries you along on edge by force of highly thrilling situations and dramatic action; rather one that quietly gets a firm grip on you and holds you to the end.

Modern dramatists probably would say the play is impossible. It isn't a rapidly moving plot, nor a "punch." Nevertheless, it is a marvel of dramatic construction. Its characters, its situations, its scenes, its "business" all ring true such as few other plays do. Not once is there a thrill as thrill as commonly defined; it moves along quietly and slowly, in fact, at times drags slightly. But it is so absolutely natural that one cannot but give it attention.

**Action Covers 52 Years.**  
The action of the play covers 52 years, takes place in the same room, and deals with three generations of the same family. No wonder modernists hold up their hands in honor. And what a wonder it ever succeeded in this day of quickly moving, ludicrous farces! The story deals with John Rhead, who, as a young man, is progressive and fighting for his beliefs against his conservative associates. He wins, both in business and love. In the second period he is middle-aged and fighting both progress and love. He loses in the former but wins in the latter, forcing his daughter to marry against her wishes. In the third period he is an old man, now fighting only love; fighting to keep his daughter from marrying the man she loves. And he loses.

The company which presented "Milestones" here last evening was admirable. Every character was presented in a quiet, refined, truly English manner, absolutely in sympathy with the idea of the author. In several instances the characters were carried through from youth to old age by the same actors and actresses, with entire success. All parts were character parts, and of the widest range.

**Miss Gaudin Vary Good.**  
Especially good was Miss Mary Gaudin as first, Rose Elder, then Rose Rhead, and finally Lady Rhead. She handled the part with a delicacy and subtlety that was a delight. The changes from girlhood to the middle-aged woman and then to the aged lady were marvelous for completeness in detail. Particularly was she pleasing in the last period. The thin, frail voice, with its characteristic accent, the tottering steps, the postures, all were excellent.

And so was Miss Florence Born good in a similar part, that of Gertrude Rhead. The character in it was much the same. The changes in the actress both in about the same manner, though Gertrude Rhead remains the stronger. Rupert Harvey, playing John Rhead throughout, was commanding. He was the strong, intelligent, competent, young man with a vision of a better future in the first act. In the second he was the dominant, successful business man. In the third he had weakened, but still displayed the fighting spirit of old. And in all these great changes Mr. Harvey brought out the very best in the character.

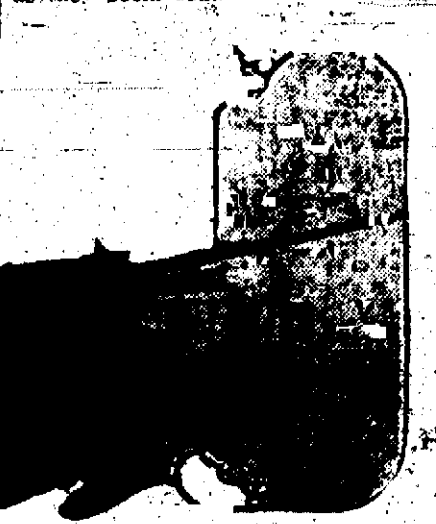
**Details Carefully Arranged.**  
Miss Winifred Lister as Emily Rhead in the second and Lady Monk Rhead in the third act, was pleasing. Especially so in the last act, where she, too, is fighting to keep her daughter from marrying the man of her choice. Mr. Gerald Roberts as Samuel Sides in the three widely separated periods did creditable work. Miss Nellie Marshall as the Hon. Marjell Pym and Mr. G. G. Correll as Arthur Pym were good in fact, the entire cast was admirable.

The radiant differences in dress, speech and manner of the three periods was brought out wonderfully well, as was the change in furnishings. The scenes showed the same room in the years of 1860, 1880, and 1912. And the scenes were complete in every detail. Such a successful evening production.

## MONTANA PROGRESSIVES ADOPT STATE PLATFORM

HELENA, Mont., Sept. 14.—Progressives and Progressives held their state convention here today under the state's new primary act.

The Progressive platform endorsed equal suffrage, workmen's compensation, and a commission form of government for cities. The Democratic platform left its candidates free to act as they deemed best.



## POLICE ARE TOOLS OF CAPITAL, SAYS LABOR'S ATTORNEY

**Los Angeles Lawyer Gives Union Side in Controversy on Coast**

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 14.—Job Harriman, an attorney employed in the defense of the McNamara brothers, took the witness stand today at a hearing of the industrial relations committee today and told why he thinks workingmen of Los Angeles have not obtained legal justice in the last four years.

Chief among the objections made by Mr. Harriman were these:

Employers forced the antipicketing ordinance through the city council during a strike in 1910 and citizens later were refused their legal right to vote it out of existence.

Local police are the tools of capital who frequently have perjured themselves to obtain convictions in cases involving labor troubles.

**Defects of Jury System.**  
The jury system, which permits only taxpayers to serve is rigidly enforced when strikes are on, making it difficult for workingmen to obtain justice. Court officials are on familiar terms with venal men who are called frequently.

The power of injunction has been used to hinder union men from using legitimate means, such as talking to nonunion workers, to win their contentions.

"The personnel of the local police force is no worse than that of any other city," Mr. Harriman said, "but they must take orders and obey them, else other officers would."

**Refers to Unemployed Riots.**  
He dealt at length with a riot which took place in a public park here last Christmas as a meeting to devise means for obtaining work for the unemployed. One man was shot and instantly killed by an officer and scores were injured in the trouble which started when the police charged the crowd. Thirty men were arrested and 10 who were convicted still are in jail. The man who did the shooting was not detained, he said.

"We had to convict some of those men," Mr. Harriman quoted a juror as telling him. "We must support the police. They protect our property."

**Antipicketing Ordinance.**  
The antipicketing ordinance came during the strike of the metal trades and the brewers, as did also a restraining order issued against several hundred striking men by Judge Walter Bordwell. Many were restrained under the names of "Richard Doe" and "John Doe," according to a copy of the order which Mr. Harriman read. Of the 147 men arrested under the antipicketing ordinance, only six or seven ever were convicted.

Violation of the antipicketing law carried a fine of only \$100, but as conspiring to violate a law carried a fine of \$1,000 and a possible sentence of two years' imprisonment, many workers were arrested on this charge, the witness asserted. In order to be able to identify prisoners arrested on this charge, Mr. Harriman said, officers would call the men from their cells by their names daily until their backs became familiar. A hung jury resulted in these cases.

**Pernicious Police Activity.**  
Identification by the local officers is a farce, Mr. Harriman insisted. He said on one occasion he substituted for several days in the prisoner's dock a man not under arrest, but he was promptly identified by the police. Police sometimes recognized men who had been here only a few days as "old hood acquaintances," the witness maintained.

Testimony tending to show that the Employing Printing Trades association, which embraces the principal nonunion printing shops here, has instituted a fight on candidates literature bearing the union label, was given by H. W. Dennet, an international typographical union member. Mr. Dennet also declared his belief that the Merchants and Manufacturers association had instituted a virtual boycott on friends of the union movement here.

Irwin R. Rice and J. P. Francis also testified today. The western tour of the commission will close tomorrow, the Denver meeting having been postponed.

## OPENING OF RESERVE BANK SYSTEM MAY BE DELAYED

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—In view of the length of time it may take to select the directors of the 12 reserve banks, it is possible that the federal reserve board will be unable to meet the reserve banks October 1, as has been indicated by Secretary McAdoo. It was believed tonight, however, that the opening will not be deferred long after that date.

Sherman Allen, former assistant secretary of the treasury, has been selected as assistant secretary of the board.

## MOORS SUFFER SEVERE DEFEAT BY SPANIARDS

MADRID, Sept. 14.—It is officially announced that a Spanish column commanded by General Sylvestre inflicted a severe defeat with heavy losses on a force of Moors at Ab-el-Homah. The Spaniards lost one officer and four soldiers killed and two officers and 25 men wounded. Communications between Larache, Tangier and Tetuan are now assured.

## BREAKS OUT OF PRISON TO MEET SWEETHEART

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Sept. 14.—Capt. Ranchez, 30, formerly of the Mexican federal army, charged with violating his parole at Fort Wingate, was located here today by federal authorities. Some said he came here to meet his sweetheart, who was to come from El Paso. He is to be returned to Fort Wingate.



## Beyond the Reach of War

Along with the butchery of men and pillage of property that go with the Waste of War there comes an increasing cost of the necessities of life. The "War Lords" cannot reach the breakfast table in the home where the housewife knows

## SHREDDED WHEAT

It is always the same price to the consumer, always the same quality the whole wheat steam-cooked, shredded and baked. Contains more nutriment than meat or eggs and costs much less.

Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits, heated in the oven to restore crispness and eaten with milk or cream, will supply all the nutriment needed for a half day's work at a cost of not over four cents. Deliciously nourishing and satisfying for any meal with fruits or creamed vegetables.

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The Shredded Wheat Company, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

## TAX COMMISSION HEARS PROTESTS

DENVER, Sept. 14.—The state tax commission today began hearing protests from corporations on the tax assessment. Representatives of the Colorado, Southern, the Atchafalaya, Tepeka & Santa Fe and the Denver & Grand Central railroads appeared before the commission this morning, and later today protests were heard from a number of light and power companies. It was said that 48 corporations with holdings of \$250,000,000 will be heard this week.

## HALF OF WAR ADVANCE ON WHEAT IS WIPED OUT

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Wheat prices today underwent almost as violent a change as when not quite seven weeks ago the war broke in quotations began. Excitement in the present case, however, was about the prospect of a swift approach of peace. Traders generally taking the view that the triumph of the allies meant it would be unlikely for hostilities to be prolonged.

Selling out of wheat today was on a huge scale, from first to last, and caused an extreme smash of 8 1/2c a bushel as compared with 9 1/2c advance July 28, on the occasion of relations between Germany and England being broken off. The downward swing of prices today brought wheat as low as \$1.11 1/2 a bushel for May delivery, as against \$1.20 yesterday night and \$1.32 just a week ago. September 5, the first week level of the war.

Between July 28 and September 5, the rise in the price of May wheat was 41 1/2c, of which nearly one-half has now been wiped out. At \$1.11 1/2 for May, the closing quotations tonight, the net remainder of the war advance is 21 1/2c a bushel.

## AMERICAN MERCHANT IN LONDON ORDERS HIS MEN TO FIGHT FOR ENGLAND

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 14.—Pressure in the oil industry occasioned by the European war was relieved today when announcement was made by the South Pennsylvania Oil company that it would at once double the amount of its purchases of crude oil. For weeks the company has only taken one-third of the oil coming to the surface and the other two-thirds, the Valvoline pipe line, an independent, announced that it would, beginning tomorrow, take all the oil its customers had to offer.

## CANAL GUYS PREPARED TO MAINTAIN NEUTRALITY

PANAMA, Sept. 14.—A firing test of all the guns at the canal fortifications has been completed. The test was in every way satisfactory and showed that the fortifications were prepared adequately to maintain the neutrality of the waterway.

## Trade With the Boys

Listen! We want one of you to come to our Fall Opening today and bring your family and your friends.

Free tickets to today's special show at the "Princess" as a souvenir.

We are selling no goods today—just visiting.

**HARRY GORDON SELFIDGE**  
Formerly of Chicago and owner of London's "American" department store, has permitted his headquarters to infiltrate to every man in his employ between the ages of 20 and 25, unharmed, that they enlist immediately or resign their positions.

## GENERAL JOFFRE, THE ORIGINAL 'SUNNY JIM'

Went into War With Out Ambition to Win and Avenge Defeat.

BORDEAUX, Sept. 14.—(Tuesday)—General Joffre must have smiled when he was called "Sunny Jim" by the writer Louis Latapie, a personal friend of the commander-in-chief of the French armies, in a showing paper. "He is really more the 'dashing Hussar' than the 'Colonel Delayer' and recalls rather Mural than Fabius. He is the personification of pure intelligence—intelligence which knows how to restrain an ardent temperament, to bend it to discipline and reason or allow it full rein as circumstances dictate."

"To tell the truth, when General Joffre accepted the supreme command, his friends were apprehensive. He was so optimistic, so decided. He was one of the ardent and eager advocates of 'revenge.' He has always had the most implicit confidence in the valor of the French officers and troops. He was always certain of their victory. All who approached him went away reassured, fortified and resolved."

"Thus little by little he created about him an atmosphere of faith and enthusiasm. Believing that war was imminent, and victory sure, he prepared for it with unremitting vigor. General Joffre is a lucky man. He has never failed in anything that he has attempted. His absolute faith in his guiding star, Danger did not appall, victory will not astonish him."

## OIL SITUATION NOW IS MUCH IMPROVED

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# THERE'S A SNAP TO OUR STYLE

There's a snap in the air—  
Better snap up one of those  
snappy Fall Suits or Overcoats  
before Jack Frost begins to  
snap!

**\$15 and \$20**

Always at the front in  
originality of patterns and  
colorings, quality of fab-  
rics, accuracy of fit and  
perfection of workman-  
ship.

They wear out but they  
take their time about it.



23 North Tejon St.

## SEVERAL HAVE NARROW ESCAPE WHEN BOAT SINKS

ST. JOSEPH, Sept. 14.—Several men  
narrowly escaped death when the gov-  
ernment boat Arathousa sank in the  
Missouri river near here today. A  
number of workmen aboard the vessel  
and the crew were thrown into the  
water but all were rescued.

The accident occurred under a rail-  
road bridge, and the vessel is supposed  
to have struck one of the supporting  
columns of the bridge. The boat sank  
within a few minutes.

## THREE BIG LINERS LEAVE TO TAKE TROOPS ABROAD

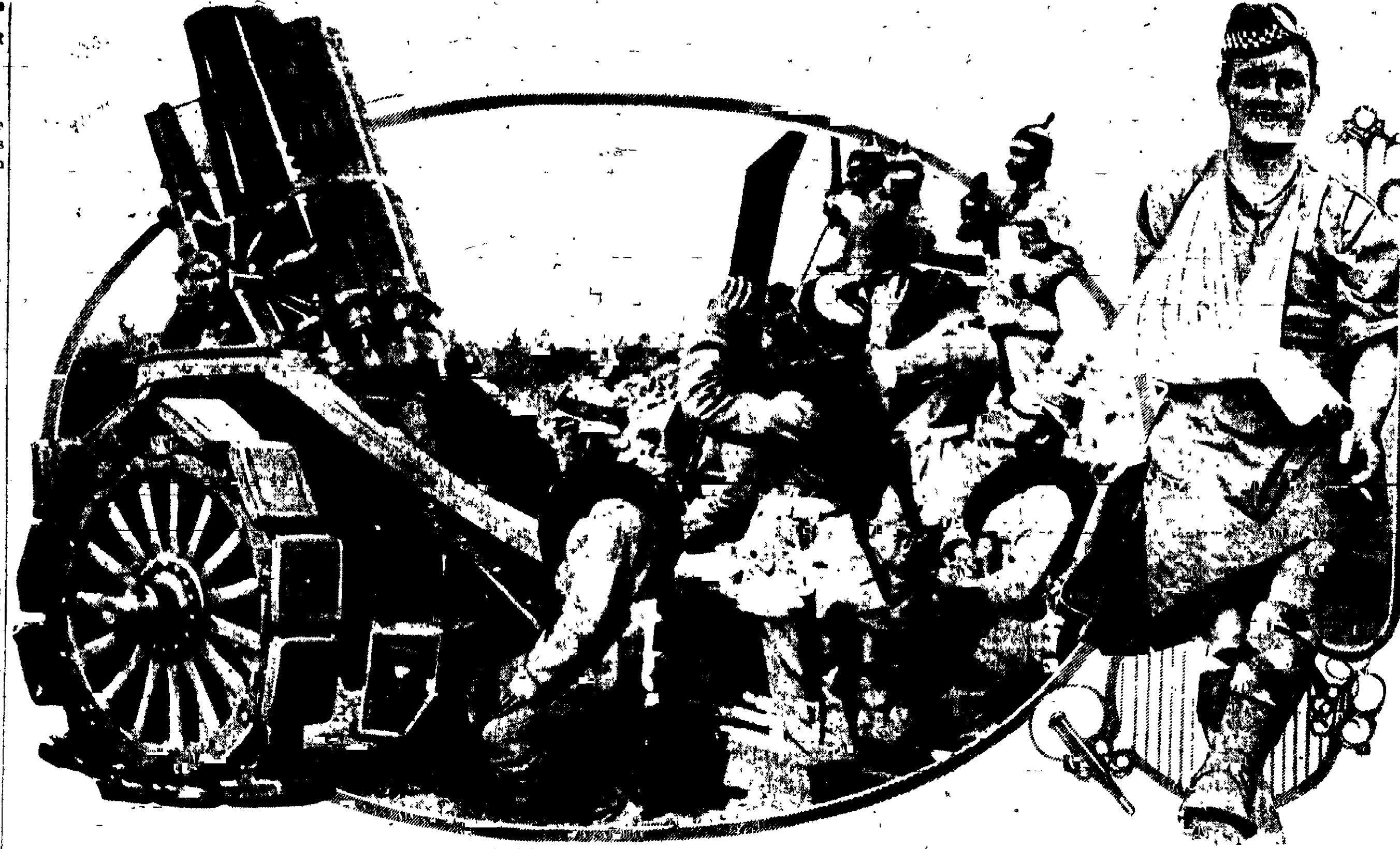
NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Three large  
liners have sailed from New York  
today for Europe, presumably on  
a port call to Europe. They are  
the Mauretania, the Lusitania and the  
Titanic. The Mauretania is the  
fastest liner in the world, and the  
Titanic is the largest.

# Better Biscuits Baked

With

You never tasted  
biscuits lighter, fluffier  
tastier than those  
baked with Calumet.  
They're always  
good—delicious.  
For Calumet in-  
creases perfect  
baking.

RECEIVED  
HIGHEST AWARDS  
AT THE  
PANAMA PACIFIC  
EXPOSITION  
1915



At left—A German 11-inch siege howitzer of the type used against the fortifications at Liege. Note the pneumatic recoil cylinders.  
At right—A wounded Scottish Highlander homeward bound.

# NEXT GREAT BATTLE IN WEST WILL BE FOUGHT IN GERMAN TERRITORY

(Continued From Page One)

movement which has been continued  
up to the present.  
General French paid high com-  
pliment to the latest addition to the  
British army—the flying corps—and he  
also quoted a letter from the French  
commander, General Joffre, who con-  
gratulated him on the accuracy of the  
information supplied by the aviators.  
These men have done little or no bom-  
barding, but have confined themselves  
to gathering information about the en-  
emy for the general staff.

## AVIATORS RENDER SPLENDID SERVICE

This is the work that military men  
always have said would prove of the  
greatest service in connection with the  
use of the aeroplane.

In what would be the first of a  
series of operations, the British flying  
men, according to Field Marshal  
French, have established individual  
command and control, and have added  
something to the direction of the air  
force already in existence.

This is particularly gratifying to  
British aviators, as they have been  
last to go so far into the department  
of aviation, and the government  
has been severely criticized for not  
giving it more encouragement.

The Belgians, who have received  
new guns and reinforcements from  
France, have prevented the Germans  
from sending more of their troops  
out of Belgium to the north.

It is reported that the Germans  
have another army corps ready to dis-  
patch to the assistance of their main  
force in northern France, but that  
they are not yet ready to do so.  
Although the Belgians had to  
retire to the protection of the Antwerp  
forts when the Germans discovered  
them, they proved themselves capable  
of at least annoying the army of  
occupation.

## RUSSIANS SWEEPING ALL BEFORE THEM IN EAST

All the news coming in today seems  
to confirm the Russian reports that  
the Russians have inflicted another  
crushing defeat on the Austrians, who  
on the right were supported by  
German divisions. By the capture of  
Tomaszow, the Russians drive a wedge  
between the Austrian army which had  
invaded Poland as far as Opole, Kras-  
nostaw and Zamość, and the army  
which they defeated at Lemberg, and  
which although it lost heavily in  
killed, wounded, prisoners and guns  
managed to reform and to some extent  
undertake the offensive.

The Germans who reinforced the Aus-  
trians according to latest advices  
achieved the defeat. They are trying  
to reach the fortress at Przemyśl, and  
the rear guard is endeavoring to keep  
off the Russian cavalry which is pur-  
suing them.

Austria had in Poland and Galicia  
an army estimated at 1,000,000 men  
with 2,500 guns. At Lemberg Austria  
lost many thousands of men in killed  
wounded and prisoners. It is now  
estimated although not officially that  
the total number of prisoners were 180,000.

## GERMANS DEFEATED IN EAST PRUSSIA

It is also reported tonight from Rome  
that the Germans have suffered a de-  
feat at Mlawa in the East Prussian  
front. This would be rather sur-  
prising, as the Germans only today ad-  
mitted that they had been compelled  
to withdraw in East Prussia before over-  
whelming forces of Russians, who  
threatened General Rennenkampf's left  
wing.

It is possible the German commander,  
General von Hindenburg, looked his  
advantage a little too far, and found  
that the Russian force was stronger  
than he supposed. The Russian force  
which was defeated at Mlawa is re-  
ported to have been 100,000 men.  
The Germans, after taking Zol-  
towo, which they were great in doing,  
in their retreat, have been forced to  
abandon the offensive against the Aus-  
trians, and like the Montenegrins are  
pressing on the retreat to the west.

## Belgians Carried at Head of Column to Prevent "Sniping"

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The British  
army, according to the Associated Press,  
has recently arrived here from Belgium  
says that the Belgians have been  
scattered like autumn leaves be-  
fore the wind. Unaware of the man-  
euvers of the opposing forces, some of  
the Belgians were taken by surprise  
and were killed. Others were captured  
and taken to the rear. Many were  
killed or wounded. The Belgians  
were not prepared for the attack.  
The Germans, who were expecting  
the Belgians to be a strong force,  
were not prepared for the attack.  
The Belgians were not prepared for  
the attack.

At Nevele the Belgians were en-  
countered by a German force. The  
Belgians were defeated. The Ger-  
mans captured the town. The Bel-  
gians were forced to retreat. The  
Germans followed them. The Bel-  
gians were killed. The Germans  
were victorious. The Belgians were  
defeated. The Germans were  
victorious. The Belgians were  
defeated. The Germans were  
victorious.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"  
Look for the genuine call for full name.  
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look  
for signature of E. W. Groves. Cures  
a Cold in One Day. 25c.

## ALLIES STRIKING REAR OF EXHAUSTED GERMANS WITH RELIANT FURY

(Continued From Page One)

and even the main body of the enemy  
our troops have entered Amiens,  
abandoned by the German forces.  
The enemy appears to be making a  
stand on a prepared front along the  
river Albert.

On the center front it would  
seem as if the enemy intends to re-  
sist on the heights to the northwest  
and to the north of Rheims. In the  
region between Arras and the Meuse

## STRONG SENTIMENT IN ITALY URGES WAR IN FAVOR ENTENTE

PARIS, Sept. 14.—(Reuters.) A dis-  
patch from the Italian press from Rome  
says the committee of direction of the  
Italian press in Rome at a meeting  
held yesterday, which was participated  
in by members of parliament, adopted  
a resolution which is considered of great  
importance.

The resolution, after declaring that  
Italy's interests in the Adriatic must  
be safeguarded and that Italy should  
cooperate to prevent the conflict, being  
settled in a manner that will deter-  
mine the independence of Italy.

The resolution also declares that  
Italy should not be drawn into a war  
which is not in its interests. It  
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## CRUSHING VICTORY BY CZAR CRIPPLES AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES ON EASTERN BORDER

(Continued From Page One)

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all the neighboring areas have been  
occupied by the Russian armies with-  
out resistance.

Complete Victory Reported.  
NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 14.—An of-  
ficial announcement was received by  
the Russian embassy in Petrograd  
today. It was as follows:

Complete victory on the whole Aus-  
trian front. Austrian northern army,  
which was heavily reinforced by Ger-  
man troops, was pushed back against  
the river San between the eighth and  
tenth of September. Took 40 guns,  
30,000 prisoners, 2,000 of which were  
officers, and a great quantity of ma-  
chine guns and war material still  
pursuing Austrian and German forces.

The great battle in Galicia, in  
which lasted for 17 days, has resulted  
in a complete victory for our forces.

## Berlin Admits Defeat.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to  
the Central News from Copenhagen  
says that Berlin messengers received in  
Copenhagen today that the chief Aus-  
trian army has suffered an absolute  
defeat but claim it is retiring in good  
order.

General von Aulendorf's army,  
the correspondent continues, is said  
to be in a dangerous position being  
cut off from the main army. The  
Austrians have had terrible losses.

## Vienna Fears Siege.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A dispatch from  
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quotes the correspondent of the Ber-  
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## DAVIES QUITS NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 14.—Joseph  
E. Davies today announced his resig-  
nation as a member of the National  
Democratic committee.

## LOVELAND PIONEER DIES

LOVELAND, Colo., Sept. 14.—A  
pioneer, 72, a pioneer of this sec-  
tion was found dead in his house here  
today. Death is believed to have been  
caused by heart failure. He had been  
suffering from illness for some time.

## MRS. W. E. D. STOKES IS SERIOUSLY ILL IN DENVER

DENVER, Sept. 14.—Mrs. W. E. D.  
Stokes, wife of the well-known New  
York millionaire, is critically ill. It  
is stated at the home of her mother,  
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that she is suffering from a severe  
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# IMPORT'S

## 1/4 OFF 1/4

The new fall stock of imports and domestics are in, including Tartan  
Chequers, Glenachy Plaids, Fancy and Dress Worsteds, Blue Serges and  
Scotch Tweeds. These goods are from the largest and best mills in England  
with the manufacturing stamp on them, and guaranteed.  
Suits made to measure, 1 1/4 off.

### Geo. J. Gatterer

Colorado Springs' Popular Priced Tailor  
216 North Tejon St. Main 1247



NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®







NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE







# Wants

**LOST**—Black silk moire handkerchief, lined with green, containing \$5 bill and small amount silver, also two names on sheet of paper, Mrs. Kate Wallis, South Press street, and Mrs. Darby, Nolan St. Return to Gazette office. Reward.

**LOST**—Between Huerfano viaduct and 222 Lincoln, Colo. City, laundryman's billbook, containing three Pearl Laundry coupon books and \$2 bill. Reward at Gazette office.

**LOST**—Sunday, between First Presbyterian church and 110 North Tejon street, small pearl sunburst with small brilliant in center. Reward if returned to Gazette.

**LOST**—Platinum lavallier with diamond pendant, lost Aug. 24, between Mansions hotel and C. & S. depot. Reward, this office.

**LOST**—Black pocketbook, in Pella's old store, containing bottle of oil and papers and some change. Keep the money and return pocketbook to this office.

**LOST**—Black handbag, Friday afternoon, in or near Hub, containing some money and address book. Reward at Gazette office.

**LOST**—Small brown purse, Monday p. m., on Tejon, between Kloria and Huerfano; contained \$2 in bills and 3 nickels. Finder please notify Gazette.

**PAIR** spectacles, child's, between Navajo hotel and Morrison cottage on Manitou Ave., Manitou. Return to Gazette.

**LOST**—On Santa Fe street car, Sat. afternoon, an envelope containing R. R. ticket, money, baggage checks and letters. Reward, this office.

**LOST**—Between Pike Peak Ave. and Kloria on Tejon, Tuesday morning, statements and cancelled checks, Susan Smith and Dorothy Allen. Return to Gazette.

**CHILD'S** shepherd plaid coat, between Kloria and Cucharas, on Tejon street, Friday afternoon. Return Gazette office. Reward.

**GOLD** chain, lost Sept. 3, in Busby corner drug store, Institute or Canon car, valued as gift. Please return to Gazette.

**LOST**—Sept. 2, strand rose and gold beads in Burns theater or from San Miguel St. on Wamsatch line. Reward if returned to Gazette.

**SMALL** purse with bills and change, found on Santa Fe depot to Tejon St. Return to Gazette and receive reward.

**LOST**—On Monday, August 31, gentleman's black overcoat with black velvet collar. Return this office. Reward.

**LOST**—The spring car, "U lined, between Garden of God and at car on Manitou. Return to Gazette.

**LOST**—A package of letters, at the First Christian church, Saturday evening. Return to Gazette.

**LOST**—White, English cow dog, 4-month spot, on left eye. Reward as found. Return to Gazette.

**LOST**—Black leather handbag, containing \$10 and \$20 bills, D. L. Law, Kan. and cards. Reward, Gazette.

**LOST**—Collar, six strands of pearls, probably in Stratton park of Canon. Reward at Gazette office.

**LOST**—Physician's bag, black, containing instruments and medicines. Reward at Gazette.

**LADY'S** wheel, Dayton, No. 11, Christie riddle. Phone Main 1124, or notify Gazette. Reward.

**LOST**—Formal, one picked up on watch near 1st, please return to Gazette and receive reward.

**LOST**—Monogram watch chain, A. C. J., at or near Manitou, on Sept. 2. Reward at Gazette office.

**LOST**—At Kaufman's, nose glasses, on gold chain, with pink ribbon. Reward if returned to Gazette.

**LOST**—Lady's gold watch, Empress theater, Tuesday p. m. Liberal reward. Return to Gazette.

**LOST**—Black pocketbook, on Cascazo, between Pike Peak and Monument, on Aug. 28. Return this office. Reward.

**LOST**—Black hat, with expressionist's badge, on east side. Finder please notify this office.

**ON** Canon car, Labor day, tango hatpin, set with rhinestones. Reward, Gazette.

**LOST**—White bull terrier. Notify Main 1556.

**PART** of plate of false teeth. Reward at Gazette.

**LOST**—3 keys on ring. Return to Gazette.

**LOST**—Baby's crocheted hood. Reward at Gazette office.

**LOST**—Bunch of about eight keys. Sunday. Return to Gazette.

**DIAMOND** ring, Sunday evening. Reward at Gazette.

**GREY** sweater jacket, on Fountain road. Return to Gazette. Reward.

**DARK** blue silk parasol on N. Tejon street car. Reward, Gazette.

**LOST**—at Santa Fe depot, I-A Kodak. Return Gazette office. Reward.

**GOLD** Bar pin, engraved R. H. B., May 8, 1912. Reward, Gazette.

**GOLD** hairpin, plain, about 8 inches long. Reward at Gazette.

**STORAGE & TRANSFER**—The combination, experience, care, promptness and price that has established our name as the most reliable and modern storage and transfer company in the city. The Smith Storage and Transfer Co. Phone 190, 1 E. Kloria.

**STORAGE**—MILLEN, HE stores 2124 E. 1st, 107-111 N. Nevada.

**BATHS**—MAC'S sulphur baths, 7c; 2 for 12. Chiropractor, 10 E. 1st, 1064. Phone N. Tejon.

**WANTED** Board & Room—BOARD and room in private house, mother and child, near San Luis valley. M-J, Gazette.

## GENERAL JOFFRE IS A MAN OF SILENCE

Head of French Army Little Known to Public; Moves in Quiet Manner

By FRANKLIN P. MERRICK  
Staff Correspondent of the International News Service.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—Gen. Joseph Joffre, generalissimo of the French in the war against Germany, is a man of silence. His whereabouts usually are kept secret. He is almost unknown to the public and few of his soldiers would recognize him if he were met by them. Should France eventually win out against her arch-enemies, the German, it will be another victory for Napoleon, which was Joffre's fondest dream.

Round and fat, silent and saturnine, Joffre is not unlike the great Corsican in build and characteristics, and he is a profound believer in Napoleon's principles, to strike first, to hit the enemy in many places at once and to veil his movements with strict secrecy.

He started this war that way. The French were not successful. The Germans crossed the border. M. Millerand took charge and declared that no more Napoleonic policies go.

**Makes War in Silence.**

Joffre believes in making war in silence. Indeed, that has been the marked difference between this campaign and the one of 44 years ago. Then, the names of generals were on every tongue; now, none knows who is the leader in any particular exploit. When a French brigade entered Muehlen, the public was not told who was the brigadier in command, for fear it would prove valuable information for the enemy.

It is related of Joffre that he never betrays his rank even to his own men who do not know him. When the troops were being mobilized at the beginning of this war, the generalissimo was at a railway station, but without any insignia to denote his station. There was a group of reservists on the platform. All were talking volubly of going to war.

"When do you join?" one youth asked Joffre.

"I have already joined," was the quiet answer.

"Where do you come from?" was asked.

"Paris" was the laconic answer.

"What's your name?" persisted the rural reservist.

"Keeps Identity Secret."

"It is best for soldiers to have no names," the generalissimo said, with one of his rare smiles, and when an officer who recognized him would have reproved the reservist, Joffre forbade him.

To strike rather than be struck is one of his axioms. He believes in a forward policy, a policy of attack.

Gen. Joseph Joffre, though a great strategist, has won his greatest fame as a builder of forts and roads. He is a man of fine intelligence, with the steel gray eyes of a dreamer, but the ease with which he has manipulated 2,000,000 French troops since the war began shows that he is a practical man as well.

"Joffre the tactician," as he is known to the general staff, is scarcely known to Parisians. In times of peace he is retiring to a degree and shuns public recognition.

**Took Part in War of 1870.**

He entered the army in the war of 1870 when only 15 years old, and was promoted for gallantry on the field by Marshal MacMahon. Immediately after the war he was intrusted with rebuilding the forts around Paris.

Made a captain at 22, Joffre was sent into the east of France to build up the chain of fortresses there that proved of such value in resisting the invaders from the north.

Afterward he spent many years raising impenetrable fortifications at Tonkin, Island of Formosa, and Madagascar. His next brilliant achievement was the crushing of the uprising in Dahomey. There with a small force, he utterly crushed the natives, and after a short campaign marched into Timbuctoo. Since that time Joffre has been at the head of the French war college, where officers are trained. In addition he has been the supreme organizer of the French army and when war loomed on the horizon, there was no debate about placing Joffre in the field at generalissimo. Nobody else was thought of. He is the Lord Kitchenier of France.

Year-around playgrounds have been established in the past 12 months in Birmingham, Ala.; Dayton, O.; Indianapolis, Mich.; Lynchburg, Va.; Montreal, Canada; Red Bank, N. J.; Scranton, Pa.; Sioux City, Ia.; Tampa, Fla.; and Wheeling, W. Va.

## IN PIKE VIEW

Statements of Pike View Citizens Are Always of Interest to Our Readers.

To many of our readers the streets of Pike View are almost as familiar as those of our own town, and we are naturally interested to read of happenings there. The following report from a well-known and respected resident will be helpful to numbers of men and women here in Colorado Springs.

Mrs. M. G. Rasmussen, Pike View, Colo., says: "I was bothered by disordered kidneys for years and the last year I was much worse. The kidney secretions caused me no end of annoyance and I became so badly run down that I could hardly dress myself around. I was weak and my feet, limbs and ankles were swollen. After taking several remedies without benefit, I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and used them. They helped me at once and since then, I have been able to walk and get around without any trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, and I willingly give them the praise they deserve."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's and be no other.

## CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Grain prices crashed downward today in a whirl of selling, due to belief that the war might soon come to an end. The close was with wheat 9 1/2 to 10 1/2 lower than Saturday night, corn off 2 1/2 to 3 1/2, and oats showing a setback of 3 1/2 to 4 1/2. In provisions, the cut-out varied from 25 to 40 cents on a general advance.

Excited liquidating sales by holders of wheat began at the very outset of trading, and before the session was over, had assumed tremendous proportions.

Export business on the decline since the wheat market a slight temporary rebound at one time, but the foreign demand seemed so increased in proportion to the lowering of values that the effect was ultimately to intensify the widespread desire to get rid of it as early as possible.

In a hurry, immense receipts from the spring crop in the northwest added to the work of the bulls.

Corn fell with wheat, but the descent was retarded by the fact that the visible supply failed to increase as much as had been looked for. Instead, country offerings moved relatively small.

Oats were under as severe selling pressure as a good share of the times, the purchasing on the part of the shippers, however, held somewhat in steady prices.

Provision dealers were more conspicuous last week on the selling side turned out active buyers today. The effect, though, was largely offset owing to the workings of the grain and hog and grain.

Quotations furnished by C. W. & C. Co., Open, High, Low, Close.

Wheat	Sept.	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Dec.	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
May	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Corn	Sept.	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Dec.	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
May	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
Oats	Sept.	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Dec.	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
May	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Pork	Sept.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Dec.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Jan.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Lard	Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
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Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Nov.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Dec.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Mar.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Apr.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
June	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
July	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Aug.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sept.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Oct.	9				



